

CHAPTER 6.2

The Circulatory System

CIRCULATION ACCORDING TO WILLIAM HARVEY

Describe the circulatory system according to William Harvey.

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Main functions:

- carries water, nutrients and water to cells
- removing waste products
- maintaining constant body temperatures
- transports hormones

Three key components:

blood, vessels, heart

CIRCULATORY NETWORK

Heart = 4 chambers

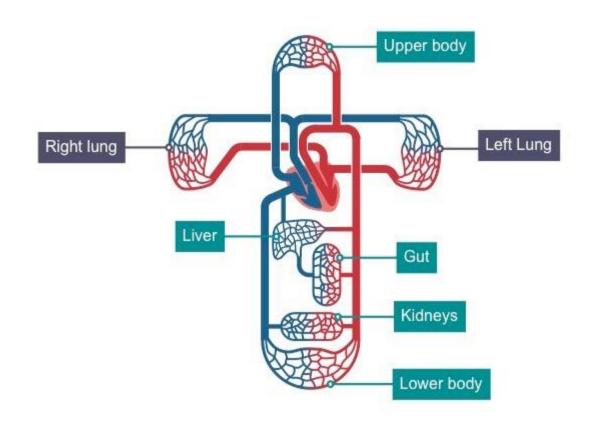
- top chambers (atria) = reservoirs
- bottom chambers (ventricles) = pumps

Left side = **Systemic** circulation

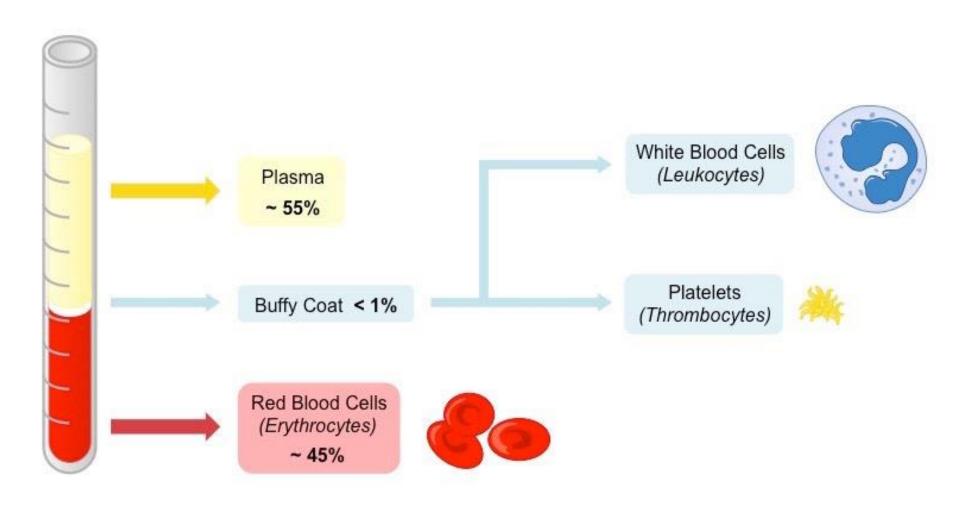
- moves **oxygenated** blood around body

Right side = pulmonary circulation

- moves **deoxygenated** blood to lungs



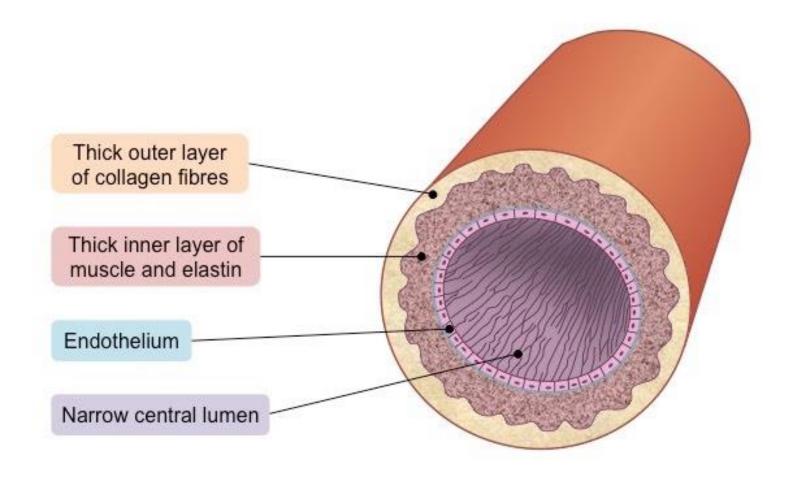
BLOOD COMPOSITION



BLOOD VESSELS

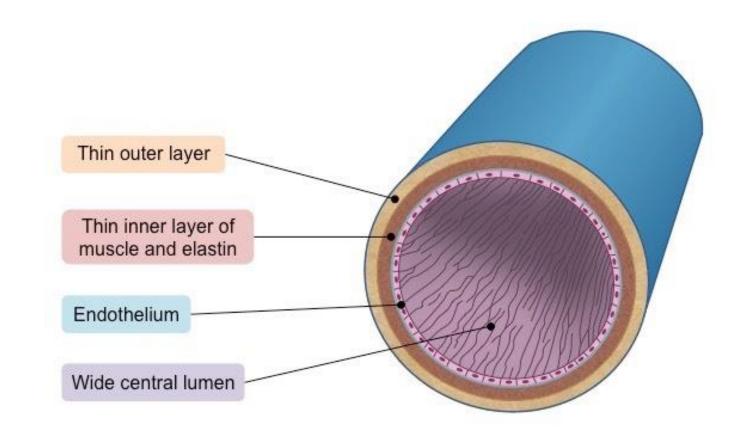
ARTERIES

- narrow lumen
- blood = high pressure (no valves)



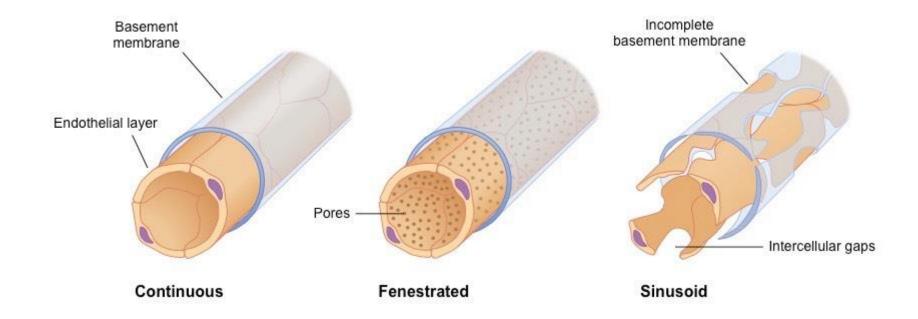
VEINS

- wide lumen
- wall quite thin
- low blood pressure
- valves to prevent backflow and pooling of blood

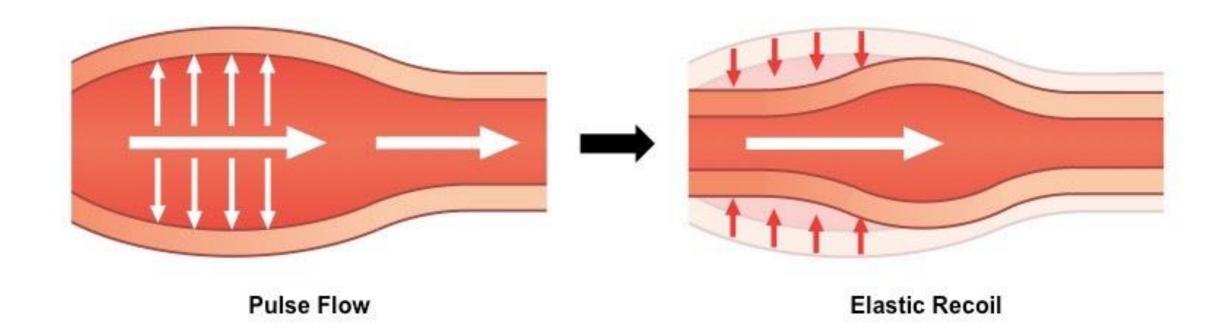


CAPILLARIES

- responsible for material exchange between blood and tissue
- small lumen and diameter

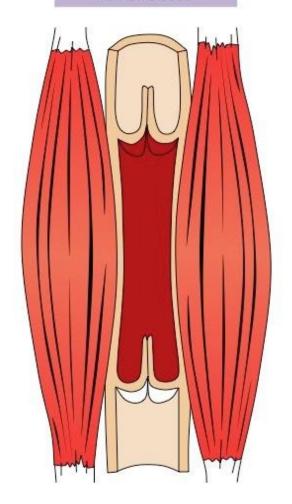


MOVEMENT OF BLOOD

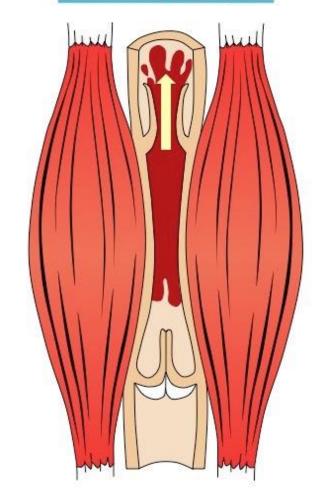


MOVEMENT OF BLOOD

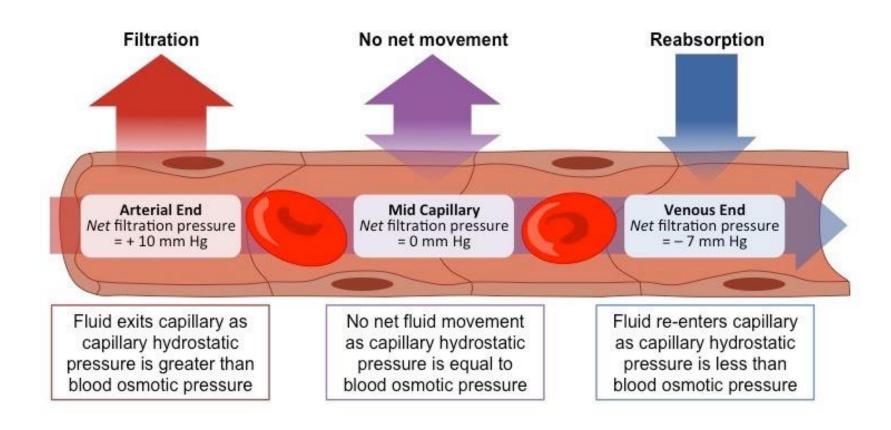
Muscles relaxed, valves closed



Muscles contracted, valve above muscle opens



MOVEMENT OF BLOOD

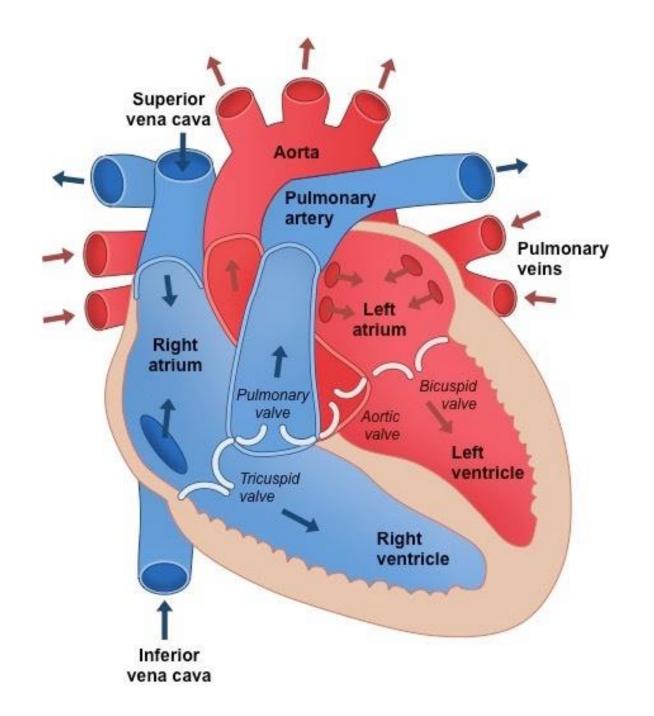


BLOOD VESSEL COMPARISON

Vessel	Function	Pressure	Diameter	Wall	Micrograph
Artery	Sends blood from heart	High (80 – 120 mmHg)	Narrow	Thick	100 um
Capillary	Material exchange	Low (<15 mmHg)	Wide	Very thin	
Vein	Sends blood to heart	Low (5 – 10 mmHg)	Extremely narrow	Thin	

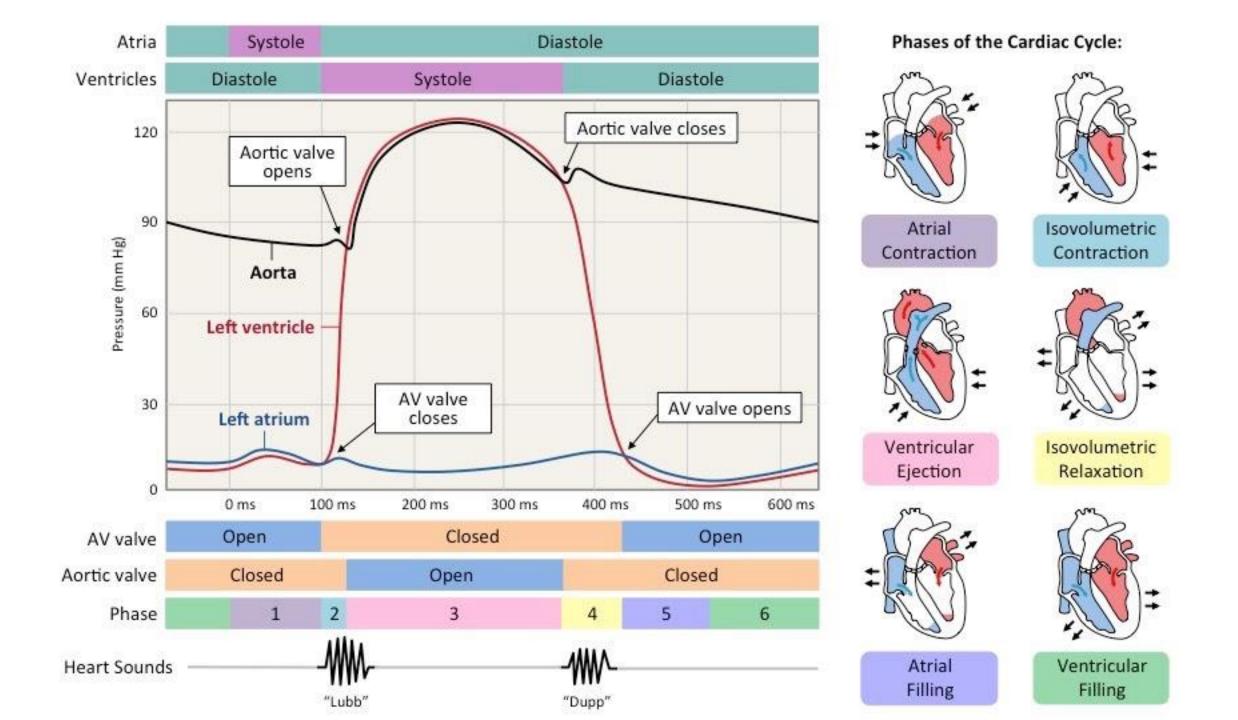
^{*} The capillary is a significantly smaller structure and thus is shown at a substantially higher magnification

HEART STRUCTURE



THE CARDIAC CYCLE

http://bcs.whfreeman.com/WebPub/Biology/hillis1e/Animated%20Tutorials/at3801/at_3801_cardiac_cycle.html



HEART BEAT & PACE MAKERS

IB Companion page 298 + 299

CORONARY HEART DISEASES